

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in competition with the adulterated low grade, short weight, alum or phosphate powder. Sold only in cans.

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THE GAZETTE.

Millions in Sight.

There's millions in it—millions of solid, solid gold and silver; not the imaginary, but the tangible, lucid, makes men opulent, that makes nations powerful, that moves all that is movable by human agencies in the universe. There's millions in it—in the vault that underlies the sub-treasury building. The doors are opened; the expectant visitor takes his hand from over his eyes, he peers in, enters, and Aladdin's cave is changed into a store-room of a retail grist-mill. He sees nothing but a solid mass of little canvas sacks, piled from floor to ceiling, homely as a grocery overstuffed with breadstuffs. This is the principal vault, and each of these little sacks contains 1,000 silver dollars. There is no gold here. The vault is thirty-six feet long, seventeen feet wide and eight and a half feet high, yet it holds only 18,000,000 of silver dollars. The gold vaults are about as prosy, the money being sucked and piled in the same manner, each sack containing \$20,000. It is asked, where does all this money come from? The answer is that the sub-treasury—this mean, little, inadequate building—is the receptacle for the entire revenue of the Government from the Pacific coast west of the Rocky Mountains; from British Columbia to Mexico.

The business of last year amounted in round numbers to \$38,000,000. Naturally it may be asked, why is all this money hoarded instead of being put in circulation? Paradoxical as it may seem, a great deal of it is in circulation. To all intents and purposes it is passing from hand to hand every day, doing its part in the great game of financial shuttle-cock and bat-and-ball. It is represented by silver and gold certificates—a form much more convenient for business purposes, while the coin itself is stored in the vaults, away from the depreciating effects of abrasion and from loss by other causes.

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At the present time the farmers and stock-raisers in one country are interested in the operations of those engaged in the same pursuits in every part of the world. The great markets are open to the productions of all nations. Our wheat comes in competition with that produced in Russia; our wool with that raised in South America, Africa, and the islands in the Indian Ocean; our cotton with that gathered by the laborers along the Nile and Ganges, and our fruit with that which ripens on the shores of the Mediterranean. The recent great improvements in transportation have made it possible to carry the agricultural productions of one country to another located half way round the globe at a slight cost and in a comparatively short time. England receives not only wheat and wool produced on the western coast of North America, but also the products of the prairies of the United States come in competition with the products of South America and the valleys of India. Beasts of burden and animals intended for work are now carried from one distant quarter of the world to another. In the late military campaign in Egypt animals were used by the British army that were raised in Great Britain, France, Turkey, South Africa, Canada, and the United States. Live cattle, sheep and pigs are carried in cars and vessels, and the same would be true of many other articles of food. By means of an apparatus for producing cold, fresh meats of all kinds, game, poultry and fish, are transported over distances where only very precious and comparatively imperishable articles were carried a generation ago. Processes for canning and drying fruits and other articles of food have been improved to such an extent that every civilized country enjoys the products of every other one. As improvements in transportation continue the time required to carry articles from one coun-

try to another will be shortened and the cost reduced. New inventions and discoveries will make it practical to transport long distances many things that now have only a local sale, and of which a large proportion goes to waste.

Until recently the productions of Australia, New Zealand and Tasmania have exerted but little influence on the markets of the world. It is likely, however, that in the near future this influence will be considerable. In the *Victorian Review* Mr. David A. O'Grady gives a comprehensive exhibit of the agricultural and pastoral resources of these countries. He shows that the areas of the three countries are less than that of the United States. As yet only one-twentieth of the land has been disposed of. A fourth of the land remaining unsold is regarded as suitable for cultivation, while most of the other three-fourths is of value for grazing purposes. The wheat crop of 1881 amounted to 27,325,921 bushels, being an average of eight bushels to the acre. The population of the provinces is in round numbers 3,000,000. Deducting the amount of wheat necessary to supply the inhabitants and the surplus for exportation. In the same year these colonies produced 11,717,254 bushels of wheat and 2,005,554 bushels of barley. Tasmania and New Zealand appear to be much better adapted to the production of grain than any portions of Australia. The climate is more moist, the rain-fall greater, and the soil richer.

Apparently the most promising industry in the southern half of Australia is the production of wine. The yield is very large and the quality excellent. Australian wines are sold in every colony in Great Britain and they won a large proportion of the prizes at the great exhibition at Bordeaux. Hops flourish well in New Zealand, Tasmania and the elevated portions of Southern Australia. The ten-plants has succeeded well where it has been set out, though little attention has been devoted to its cultivation, as labor is somewhat scarce. The oil-producing plants, such as the olive, almond, castor-bean and sunflower all do well. Experiments with tobacco have been very successful, and the belief is entertained that the islands under consideration will soon become formidable rivals of the United States and the West Indies in furnishing the British market. Cotton is receiving considerable attention in the northern portion of Australia, while flax of very superior quality is grown in the southern part and in the adjacent islands. Both hemp and jute do well, as has been shown in numerous instances, and the climate is very favorable to their production. It is believed that plants yielding fibers will receive great attention in the future.

Sugar production has become an important industry in the northwestern portion of Australia. Rice of both the upland and lowland varieties has been raised with a fair degree of success. The flocks and herds of the Australian colonies are enormous. In 1881 there were 1,215,013 horses, 5,760,376 cattle, 78,306,486 sheep, and 1,002,370 pigs. Every year adds to the reputation of Australia as a wool-producing country. Sheep obtain a year's range in the north produce a proportionately large amount of wool. A few years ago the merino sheep there weighed from sixty to seventy pounds each, but now sheep of the same breed weighing over 150 pounds are not uncommon. A large proportion of the land in these colonies is well adapted to dairying and milk is produced cheaper there than in any part of the world. Dairy products have been low on account of the difficulty of sending them to Europe, but the employment of refrigerating apparatus has rendered it practicable to send butter and cheese to English markets in good condition. The same apparatus is used with good results for preserving all kinds of

Subscribers to THE GAZETTE who do not receive their paper regularly, will confer a favor by reporting omissions promptly at the Gazette counting room.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Chicago & Northwestern.

Chicago to Janesville Station.

GOING NORTH.

Day Express, 1:30 P. M. Depart.

Fond du Lac passenger, 8:40 P. M.

GOING SOUTH.

Day Express, 12:50 P. M. Depart.

Fond du Lac passenger, 7:30 A. M.

ATON BRANCH.

From Chicago, Rockford and Deloit.

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BRITAIN.

No arrests last night.

How do you like the April showers?

Haverley's minstrels at the opera house to-morrow evening.

Quite a heavy snow storm set in here at two o'clock this afternoon.

The country roads are said to be in bad condition on account of the mud.

The Odd Fellows' social at their hall last evening, was well attended, and all enjoyed a very pleasant evening.

The loss on Mr. Angove's stock of groceries, recently damaged by fire and smoke, has been assessed at eight hundred dollars.

In the municipal court to-day, one lonely tramp captured by Marshal Hogan, was given nine days at the Harper house, on a bread and water diet.

Prof. Severance's dancing school will close next Wednesday evening, but the calico hop will not be given until one week from next Wednesday night.

Get ready to purchase a ticket for the benefit of the free library, given by Col. Burr Robbins' great American and German allied shows. You will be called upon in a few days.

Mr. F. R. Sween, the dentist on West Milwaukee street, over Burman's jewelry store, has hung out a new little office sign, the work of Mr. E. J. Kent. The sign is one of the handsomest in the street.

Mr. Charles Wisch, of the west side tenorship establishment, has put in bath rooms that have all the modern improvements. They are neatly furnished and will prove a great convenience to his numerous patrons. His enterprise will be justly appreciated by that side of the river.

The Pamber house, under the judicious management of Mr. J. Snyder, is having its patronage largely increased. The house is being much improved this spring in a way that will lead greater attractions than ever to the traveling public. Mr. Snyder is a practical hotel keeper, and knows how to meet public demands.

About five o'clock last evening a team of horses, attached to a farm wagon, became frightened at the corner of North Main and North Third streets, and started on a run. The driver, who appeared to be well loaded with some kind of spirits, attempted to hold them, but without success. The team went north on Bluff street, and the last seen of them they were well out on the Fulton road going at full speed.

The carnival at the roller skating rink last night, was largely attended, and in other respects than in numbers, was a very successful affair. Some forty couple appeared in mask and on skates. The prizes awarded for the best impersonation of the characters they assumed, fell to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Smith, two of the best skaters in the city. Mr. and Mrs. Richardson, of the skating rink, have sought to their home in Milwaukee. Mr. Smith, who is the leading proprietor of the rink, will continue its management. He is popular, and will lend the enterprise to further success.

Mr. Z. S. Doty, of Madison, is in the city to-day. Mr. Doty formerly lived in this city, and is well known by the old residents, who give him a cordial welcome.

The Rev. Mr. Evans, of Oakbrook, who preached in the Congregational church on Sunday, and afterward was taken severely ill, went home yesterday, and to-day Mr. John Watkins, our express agent, received a telegram from Oakbrook, stating that Mr. Evans rested quietly last night, and was much improved.

Mr. Frank Leland, United States consul at Hamilton, Ontario, and his estimable wife, arrived in the city last evening, and are the guests of Mrs. Leland's sister, Mrs. H. G. Reichwald.

The many friends of Mr. Frank C. Haselton will congratulate him upon the fact that he has secured the position of clerk in the Rock county national bank, a position vacated a few days ago by Mr. Charles Hemming in order to take his place in the boot and shoe store of Henry Hemming & Son. Mr. Haselton is one of the best young men in the city for the position, and we predict that he will "fill the bill" in every particular.

Many old soldiers remember the "dead line" at Andersonville. It was a mighty dangerous neighborhood. Dyspepsia, biliousness, and liver and kidney diseases are full of perils for the sick, but *Burdock Blood Purifier* is a certain remedy. Sold everywhere.

Sold by Palmer & Stevens and Sherer & Co.

The Weather.

REPORTED BY FREDERICK & EVANSON, BAROMETRISTS.

At seven o'clock this morning the thermometer registered 32 degrees above zero, and at one p. m. the register stood at 40 degrees above zero. Cloudy and threatening, with easterly wind. For the same hours one year ago the register stood at 48 and 73 degrees above zero.

WASHINGTON, April 6, 1 a. m.—The following are the indications for to-day:

Upper lake region—Fair weather in the northern and eastern portions, cool northwesterly winds, rising, followed by falling barometer.

Gathering this evening.

Rock River Encampment No. 3, in Odd Fellows hall.

Peoples Lodge I. O. G. T. in their own hall.

Olive Branch Lodge, A. O. U. W., in their hall.

For SALE.—House and lot, corner of Terrace and Ravine streets, first ward—fine location; a good variety of fruit trees; also, fine elm and other shade trees. The house contains seven rooms, hard finished, with good cellar and cistern; also, good barn—lot nine rods square. Will be sold at a bargain. Apply to N. C. PALMER, 100 West Milwaukee St., Janesville, Wis.

Rock Candy Cough Cure.

Warranted to Cure or money refunded. Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Throat and Lung troubles, all cured by this medicine. It is a pure white Rock Candy, with Extracts of Root and Bark. One Dose, 10 to 20 cents. No risk in trying, as thirty days' trial is allowed.

For sale by Palmer & Stevens.

Positive Cure for Piles.

To the people of this County we would say we have been given the Agency of Dr. March's Italian Pile Ointment, guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Internal, External, Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. Price 50c. a box. For sale by Palmer & Stevens.

Local Matters.

PERSONAL TO MEN ONLY!

THE VOLTAIC BROT CO., Marshall, Mich., will send Dr. Dyer's Ointment for Eczema, Psoriasis, Itch, and other skin diseases, on trial for thirty days to men (young or old) who are afflicted with Nervous Debility, Lost Vitality and Manhood, and kindred troubles, guaranteeing a speedy and complete restoration of health and manly vigor. Address as above. No risk in trying, as thirty days' trial is allowed.

COAL AND WOOD.

Wilmington association, per ton, \$4.00

Indiana block, per ton, 4.50

Ohio central, 4.75

All sizes hard coal, 7.25

Best maple wood, per cord, 6.50

At these prices must have cash on delivery.

CLARK & HIBEL.

Wanted—a boy to learn the printers trade; apply at the Gazette office.

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LOCAL MATTERS.

OBITUARY.

DR. J. F. HULLIHAN.

The community was much surprised this morning to hear of the sudden death of Dr. J. F. Hullihan, which occurred between five and six o'clock this morning.

About half past five he arose from the bed with the intention of dressing himself, but on rising he told his wife he felt a severe pain in his side. Mrs. Hullihan said she would get some remedy for him, and immediately got up, and he returned to the bed. She heard a gurgling noise and turning to the doctor saw that he was dying. The family was aroused and a physician summoned, but before medical aid could reach him he expired, death being almost instantly after he returned to the bed. Death was caused by neuralgia of the heart.

Dr. Hullihan was born in Milton, Pennsylvania, in 1828. He was graduated from the Jefferson medical college in Philadelphia, about 1850. He engaged in the practice of his profession in Pittsburgh, but had made the diseases of the eye a specialty for the past fifteen or sixteen years. He came to Janesville from Pittsburgh about twelve years ago.

The funeral will take place on Sunday or Monday, but as to the time, due notice will be given. No definite arrangements can be made until the relatives in Pittsburgh have heard from and the time they can reach Janesville.

The New County Board of Supervisors.

The new county board of supervisors for Rock county the coming year will be composed of thirty-two members, and will be made up of the following gentlemen:

Avon—John Hyland.*

Beloit—Charles N. Nye.

Bradford—William Gardner.

Center—Ina Farmlay.*

Clinton—J. W. Stacey.*

Fulton—H. H. Brown.*

Harmony—James Menzies.

Janesville—Silas Ward.

Johnstown—George Hanthorn.

La Prairie—W. H. Stark.*

Lima—W. J. McIntyre.

Magnolia—Aaron Broughton.*

Milton—R. J. Nelson.

Newark—H. G. Greenman.

Plymouth—K. B. Thon.

Porter—J. B. Miller.*

Rock—William Gunn.

Spring Valley—Ole Gaarder.*

Turtle—S. G. Colley.*

Union—Peter Aller.

Village of Clinton—F. A. Ames.

Village of Evansville—N. Winston.

Beloit city—

First ward—C. C. Keller.

Second ward—S. T. Merrill.

Third ward—T. Gesley.*

Fourth ward—R. J. Burdge.

City of Janesville—

First ward—J. C. Metcalf.

Second ward—I. C. Brownell.

Third ward—Fenner Kimball.

Fourth ward—A. H. Sheldon.*

Fifth ward—T. M. Lynch.*

City of Edgerton—

P. C. Burdick.*

There are thirteen new members of the board, which are marked with an asterisk.*